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WOMEN'S ECONOMIC EMPOWERMENT IN THE INDIAN OCEAN RIM

The Indian Ocean Rim Association (IORA) recognizes that women's economic empowerment is a prerequisite for sustainable development, but the full potential of women's contributions to the Indian Ocean Rim remains untapped.

MANAGEMENT

No country in the region has reached gender parity in management. On average, women occupy about a quarter of management positions.



UNPAID WORK

Men work **6.4** hours a day, and are paid for **78**% of their time, while women work 6.9 hours a day, and are

LABOUR FORCE PARTICIPATION

women participate in the

On average, 47% of

labour force in the

76% of men.

region, compared to

only paid for **36**% of their time.



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VULNERABLE EMPLOYMENT

In the region, 48% of women are employed in vulnerable employment compared to 39% of men.



PARENTAL LEAVE

All countries in the region provide mandatory maternity leave. But only half cover the minimum **14** weeks,* and few allow for paid paternity leave.

> *As recommended by the International Labour Organization



Most countries have laws against sexual harassment and gender discrimination at work, but only about one-third mandate equal pay for work of equal value.



Women make, on average, **85** cents for every dollar men earn in the eight countries in the region with available data.



MULTIPLE OBSTACLES AND INFOUALITIES PERSIST

To achieve gender equality and women's economic empowerment, the IORA region needs to:

- Encourage women's labour force participation
 - Reduce their unpaid care and domestic work
- Prevent gender discrimination in the labour market
 - Extend social protection to all workers

STEM EDUCATION

Only 17% of female graduates from tertiary education major in STEM programmes versus 34% male graduates.



FAMILY PLANNING

17% of women have an unmet need for family planning, which can limit their economic participation and decision-making capacity.

